END OF SEMESTER EXAMINATIONS, NOVEMBER - 2017 COMPUTER ORIENTED NUMERICAL METHODS SUBJECT CODE: 09UBCT03

MAJOR: B. Sc (Computer Technology)

TIME : 3 HOURS SEMESTER : II MAX. MARKS: 75

SECTION A $-(5 \times 2 = 10)$

Answer All the Questions:

- 1. Show that the iterative formula for finding the reciprocal of N is $x_{n+1} = x_n (2 Nx_n)$.
- Write down the condition for the convergence of Gauss Seidal iteration scheme.
- Distinguish between interpolation and extrapolation.
- What are the errors in Trapezoidal and Simpson's rules of numerical integration?
- 5. Write Runge Kutta's second order formula to solve y' = f(x, y) with $y(x_0) = y_0$.

SECTION B $-(5 \times 4 = 20)$

Answer All the Questions:

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6. a) Solve the equation $x^3 + x^2 - 1 = 0$ for the positive root by iteration method, correct to 3 decimal places.

(OR)

- b) Find a positive root of $x^3 4x + 1 = 0$ by False position method. (perform 3 iterations)
- 7. a) Solve the following system by Gauss Elimination method.

$$2x + 3y - z = 5$$

$$4x + 4y - 3z = 3$$

$$2x - 3y + 2z = 2$$

(OR)

b) Solve the following system by Gauss - Seidal method, correct to 3 decimal places.

$$8x - 3y + 2z = 20$$

$$4x + 11y - z = 33$$

$$6x + 3v + 12z = 35$$

8. a) Using Newton's interpolation, find the value of y at x = 1.05 from the table given below.

X	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5
v	0.841	0.891	0.932	0.964	0.985	1.015

(OR)

b) Using Lagrange's formula, find y when x = 2, from the table given below.

x	0	1	3	4	
y	5	6	50	105	

9. a) Evaluate $\int_{0}^{\pi} \frac{1}{1+x} dx$ using Trapezoidal rule.

(OR)

b) Using Simpson's three – eighths rule, evaluate $\int x^4 dx$.

10. a) Using Taylor method, compute y(0.2) correct to 4 decimal places, given $y^1 = 1 - 2xy$ and y(0) = 0.

(OR)

b) Compute y(0.1), given $y^1 + y + xy^2 = 0$, y(0) = 1, h = 0.1 using Runge-Kutta fourth order, correct to 4 decimals.

SECTION C – (3 \times 15 = 45)

Answer any THREE Questions:

- 11. Assuming that a root of $x^3 9x + 1 = 0$ lies in the interval (2,4), find the root by Bisection method.
- 12. Solve the following system by triangularization method.

$$x+y+z=1$$

$$4x+3y-z=6$$

$$3x+5y+3z=4$$

13. Find the first derivatives of the function tabulated below at x = 50 and x = 56, using Newton's method.

X	50	51	52	53	54	55	56
У	3.6840	3.7084	3.7325	3.7563	3.7798	3.8030	3.8259

- 14. Evaluate the integral $\int_{4}^{5-2} \log_e x$ using Simpson's $\frac{1}{3}$ and $\frac{3}{8}$ rules, by dividing the range into 6 equal parts.
- 15. Using Adam's method, find y(0.4) given $y' = \frac{xy}{2}$, y(0) = 1, y(0.1) = 1.01, y(0.2) = 1.022, y(0.3) = 1.023.
